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, should not be such as would involve exercise of execu-
, administrative or judicial powers as the holder of a
-l post or exercise of authority in the name, or on behalf,
Government.

(iv) An honorary worker should be paid a nominal
ary of Re. 1 per month in respect of the civil post the
ies of which he is required to perform. This is necessary
order to bring him within the ambit of the Government
vants Conduct Rules and other service rules. An
norary worker need not, however, actually draw such
minal salary and may by writing to the Accounts Officer
erned voluntarily surrender it. For the purposes of
cial records, however, such nominal salary must be fixed
specified in the order of appointment.

(v) All honorary workers should automatically and *prio vigore* be subject to the provisions of the Indian
cial Secrets Act, 1923. They need not be required to
any declaration in this connection, but the position
uld expressly be made clear to each honorary worker at
time of his appointment.

3. It is realised that strict enforcement of the above
nciples may present practical difficulties in individual
es. For example, it may not be necessary to enforce
requirements of clause (iii) in paragraph 2 above in the
e of persons who have previously held a high office
ier Government. Again, honorary workers who are
minent in the public or political life of the country
not reasonably be expected to sever their lifelong
ociation with the political parties to which they belong;
a working arrangement, therefore rules 18, 20 and 23 of
Government Servants Conduct Rules ought not to be
orced against such persons in so far as participation in
itics is concerned. In all other respects, however, such
sons should be governed by the provisions of the
vernment Servants Conduct Rules.

. In the case of the employment of Members of Parlia-
nt in an honorary capacity it is necessary to ensure that
h employment does not amount to holding an office of
fit under Article 102 (1) (*a*) of the Constitution. In
h cases the requirements of clause (iii) in paragraph 2
ve should be strictly adhered to while the requirements
clause (iv) should not be enforced at all. The instruc-
ns issued in the Ministry of Law's Office Memorandum
. F. 55(1)/50-C, dated the 6th February 1951, regard-
the payment of allowances and fees to Members of
rliament should also be carefully borne in mind.

5. All proposals for the employment of honorary
rkers in civil posts as well as all proposals for excep-
nal treatment in cases in which the Ministry concerned
nsider that the requirements of any of the basic principles
l down in paragraph 2 above should be relaxed, should
referred to the Ministry of Home Affairs for prior
ncurrence.

6. It should be made clear to honorary workers at the
e of their appointment that there is no obligation on the
t of Government to provide them with residential
ommodation or any other concessions usually allowed to
aried employees of Government. Each such case would
treated on its merits. Accommodation, furniture, etc.,
y be made available if justified and to the extent it can
done without detriment to Government's commitments
salaried employees.

7. A copy of this Office Memorandum should be com-
nicated to every honorary worker along with the orders
his appointment.

8. The Ministry of Finance, etc., are requested to note
ese instructions and communicate them to their Attached
d Subordinate Offices for guidance. They are also
quested to examine the cases of any honorary workers
present employed under them or in their Attached or
bordinate Offices with a view to ensure compliance with
ese instructions.

9. These instructions supersede the orders contained
the late Home Department Office Memorandum
o. 50/15/39—Public, dated the 24th October 1939.

(Sd.) S. B BAPAT,
Joint Secretary to Govt. of India.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

Incurring of charges for reservation of seats for accommodation for travel and for Board and Lodging of Government Officers.

O.M. No. Fl. (B) 4209-4309—L.F.A. 75-51-6, DATED BANGALORE, THE 30TH JANUARY 1952.

As per Article 100(2) of the M.C.A.C. Volume I, telegrams from Officers respecting applications for leave of absence, appointments and other matters of a personal nature may not be sent at the expense of the State.

In accordance with the provisions of the above Rule, it is hereby directed that with immediate effect, all expenditure, including expenditure on Postal, Telegraphic and Trunk-call charges incurred by Government Officers in connection with the reservation of accommodation either in trains, planes, guest-houses or hotels should be borne by the Officers concerned and should not be charged to Government.

M. SHAMANNA,
Secretary to Government,
Finance Department.

LAW SECRETARIAT.

Dated 7th February 1952.

No. 5230—Law. 274-51. Under the explanation to Section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (XXVI of 1881), Thursday the 7th February, 1952, shall be a Public Holiday throughout the State as a mark of respect to the memory of King George VI.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,
N. R. JAYA RAO,
Secretary to Government,
7289 *Law Department.*

PUBLIC WORKS SECRETARIAT.

No. P.W. 7110—15, dated 5th February 1952.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended from time to time it is hereby declared that the following properties situated in Inam Belagalu Village are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, the submersion area of Tunga Anicut Project; and under Sections 7 and 8(c) of the said Act, the Special Land Acquisition Officer, Lakkavalli Reservoir and Tunga Anicut Projects, Shimoga, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the properties.

Shimoga District, Shimoga Taluk, Kasaba Hobli,
Inam Belagalu Village.

1. Gavatana land; 4 acres, Khatedar and anubhavadar Narasimha Dixit alias Shamavadhani. Extent required 5 acres and 9 guntas bounded on the East by Survey No. 1, and West by Survey No. 15, North by Survey No. 16 and South by Survey No. 15.

2. Building properties belonging to the following persons in this gavatana:

i.	Sri Eswara Temple	K. No. 1	Mangalore tiled building.
ii.	Vitlajpa Setty	K. No. 2	Dwelling house with panata five sheds with thatched roofing and one panata outside.
iii.	Parasa bin Sanga	K. No. 3	Thatched house—tattiwalls and hay roofing and a cattle shed.
iv.	Jana bin Rama	K. No. 4	Dwelling house and cattle shed with tatti walls and hay roofing.
v.	Do	K. No. 5	Dwelling house with tatti walls and hay roofing.
vi.	Subba bin Sanna	K. No. 6	Do and a cattle shed with a hay roofing.
vii.	Sankra bin Sansidda	Do 7	Do do
viii.	Channa bin Sanna	Do 8	Do do
ix.	Kunduri bin Chowda	Do 9	Do do
x.	Hala s/o Doddasidda	Do 10	Do do
xi.	Era bin Bhadra	Do 11	Do only
xii.	Pakeera bin Jakkayya	Do 12	Do (since fallen down)
xiii.	Shamavadhani (Inamdar)	Do 13	One cattle shed—dilapidated.

N.B.—There are nine mango trees, four jack-fruit trees, six tamarind trees, two gauva trees, one geru and three atti trees.

2. A plan of the properties is available for inspection in the Special Land Acquisition Office, Shimoga.

K. S. GANGADHARA,
Secretary to Government,
7285 *Public Works Department.*